

IUPAC Task Group on Atmospheric Chemical Kinetic Data Evaluation

– Data Sheet AQ_OH_42

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This datasheet last evaluated: November 2019; last change in preferred values: June 2019

HO (aq) + CH₃CHOHCH₂OH(aq) → products

Rate coefficient data

$k/ \text{L mol}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$	T/K	pH	I/ mol L ⁻¹	Reference	Technique/ Comments
<i>Relative Rate Coefficients</i>					
1.68×10^9	294	7	-	Adams et al., 1965	PR / UV-Vis (a)
1.7×10^9	294	9	-	Anbar et al., 1966	PR / UV-Vis (b)
$(1.6 \pm 0.3) \times 10^9$	298	7	-	Hoffmann et al., 2009	LFP-LPA (c)
$9.37 \times 10^{10} \exp[-(1200 \pm 340)/T]$	288 - 328	7	-		LFP-LPA (c1)

ΔG_R° (aq): Aqueous phase thermochemical data not available. As well, gas phase thermochemical data H_R° (g) are not available.

Comments

- (a) Reference reaction: HO + SCN⁻ with $k(\text{HO} + \text{SCN}^-) = 6.6 \times 10^9 \text{ M}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$; rate constants have been recalculated using the selected values for the reference reactions ($1.10 \times 10^{10} \text{ M}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$); No exact value is given for the initial concentrations of the reactants; pH is given as natural; as no exact temperature is given, T = 294 K is assumed for room temperature.
- (b) Reference reaction: HO + PNDA (p-nitrosodimethylaniline); reference rate constant was determined versus ethanol with $k(\text{HO} + \text{ethanol}) = 1.10 \times 10^9 \text{ M}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$; recalculation of the rate coefficient was performed using the selected value for the reference reaction ($1.88 \times 10^9 \text{ M}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$); no values given for initial concentrations; air saturated solutions; all experiments were repeated at least four times and the coefficient of variation was less than $\pm 10\%$; as no exact temperature is given, T = 294 K is assumed for room temperature.
- (c) Radicals generated by laser flash photolysis of H₂O₂ ($c(\text{H}_2\text{O}_2) = 1 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M}$) at 248 nm (LFP-LPA); Reference reaction: HO + SCN⁻ with $k(\text{HO} + \text{SCN}^-) = 1.24 \times 10^{10} \text{ M}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$ as reported by Chin and Wine (1992); rate constants have been recalculated using the selected values for the temperature dependent reference reaction by Zhu et al., 2003; $c(\text{KSCN}) = 1.59 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M}$. Arrhenius expression (c1) was calculated using the recalculated experimental data from Hoffmann et al. (2009).

Preferred Values

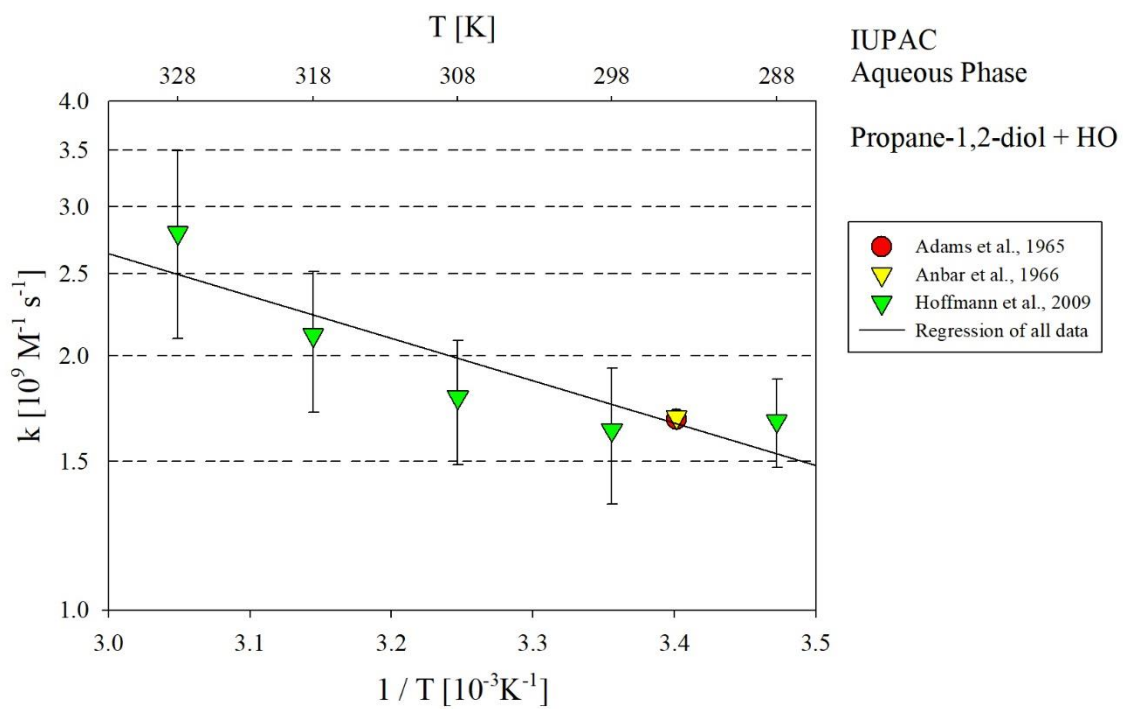
Parameter	Value	T/K
$k / \text{L mol}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$	1.75×10^9	298
$k / \text{L mol}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$	$8.32 \times 10^{10} \exp[-(1200)/T]$	288 – 328
<i>Reliability</i>		
$\Delta \log k$	± 0.15	298
$\Delta E_A/R$	± 240	288 - 328

Comments on Preferred Values

The room temperature rate coefficients determined by Adams et al. (1965), Anbar et al. (1966) and the T-dependent data by Hoffmann et al. (2009) have been used for regression. As the room temperature rate coefficients contribute perfectly to the Arrhenius expression of Hoffmann et al., the result is the mean of them, with an estimated uncertainty of $\Delta \log k = \pm 0.15$ or $\pm 33\%$.

References

- Adams, G.E.; Boag, J.W.; Curren, J. and Michael, B.D., Pulse Radiolysis, Ebert, M.; Keene, J.P.; Swallow, A.J. and Baxendale, J.H. (eds.): Academic Press, New York, p.131-143, 1965.
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- Hoffmann, D., Weigert, B., Barzaghi, P. and Herrmann, H.: Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys., 11, 9351-9363, 2009
- Kraljić, I. and Trumbore, C. N.: J. Am. Chem. Soc. 87(12), 2547-2550, 1965.
- Monod, A. and Doussin, J. F.: Atmos. Environ., 42, 7611-7622, 2008.
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T-dependent rate constants for the reaction of propane-1,2-diol with HO in aqueous solution. All available data has been used for regression.