

## Task Group on Atmospheric Chemical Kinetic Data Evaluation – Data Sheet HO<sub>x</sub>\_VOC28

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### HO + CH<sub>3</sub>CH(OH)CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub> → products

#### Rate coefficient data

$k/\text{cm}^3 \text{ molecule}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$	Temp./K	Reference	Technique/ Comments
<i>Relative Rate Coefficients</i>			
$(8.58 \pm 0.49) \times 10^{-12}$	296 ± 2	Chew and Atkinson, 1996	RR (a)
$(8.80 \pm 0.14) \times 10^{-12}$	297 ± 3	Baxley and Wells, 1998	RR (b,c)
$(7.57 \pm 0.44) \times 10^{-12}$	297 ± 3	Baxley and Wells, 1998	RR (b,d)

#### Comments

- (a) HO radicals were generated by the photolysis of CH<sub>3</sub>ONO in air, and the concentrations of 2-butanol and cyclohexane (the reference compound) were measured by GC. The measured rate coefficient ratio of  $k(\text{HO} + 2\text{-butanol})/k(\text{HO} + \text{cyclohexane}) = 1.24 \pm 0.07$  is placed on an absolute basis by use of a rate coefficient of  $k(\text{HO} + \text{cyclohexane}) = 6.92 \times 10^{-12} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ molecule}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$  at 296 K (Atkinson, 2003).
- (b) HO radicals were generated by the photolysis of CH<sub>3</sub>ONO in air, and the concentrations of 2-butanol and *n*-nonane and *n*-dodecane (the reference compounds) were measured by GC. The measured rate coefficient ratios of  $k(\text{HO} + 2\text{-butanol})/k(\text{HO} + n\text{-nonane})$  and  $k(\text{HO} + 2\text{-butanol})/k(\text{HO} + n\text{-dodecane})$  are placed on an absolute basis by use of rate coefficients at 297 K of  $k(\text{HO} + n\text{-nonane}) = 9.69 \times 10^{-12} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ molecule}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$  and  $k(\text{HO} + n\text{-dodecane}) = 1.32 \times 10^{-11} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ molecule}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$  (Atkinson, 2003).
- (c) Relative to HO + *n*-nonane.
- (d) Relative to HO + *n*-dodecane.

#### Preferred Values

$$k = 8.7 \times 10^{-12} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ molecule}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1} \text{ at } 298 \text{ K.}$$

#### Reliability

$$\Delta \log k = \pm 0.15 \text{ at } 298 \text{ K.}$$

#### Comments on Preferred Values

The preferred value is based on the relative rate coefficient of Chew and Atkinson (1996) and that of Baxley and Wells (1998) relative to HO + *n*-nonane, which are in excellent agreement.

The rate coefficient of Baxley and Wells (1998) measured relative to that for HO + *n*-dodecane, while in agreement with the other two rate coefficients (Chew and Atkinson, 1996; Baxley and Wells, 1998), is more uncertain because of the small data-base for HO + *n*-dodecane (Atkinson, 2003), and hence this rate coefficient is not used in the evaluation.

### References

- Atkinson, R.: Atmos. Chem. Phys. 3, 2233, 2003.  
Baxley, J. S. and Wells, J. R.: Int. J. Chem. Kinet. 30, 745, 1998.  
Chew, A. A. and Atkinson, R.: J. Geophys. Res. 101, 28649, 1996.