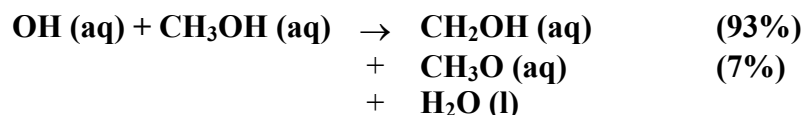


## IUPAC Task Group on Atmospheric Chemical Kinetic Data Evaluation

### – Data Sheet AQ\_OH\_1

Datasheets can be downloaded for personal use only and must not be retransmitted or disseminated either electronically or in hardcopy without explicit written permission. The citation for this datasheet is: IUPAC Task Group on Atmospheric Chemical Kinetic Data Evaluation, <http://iupac.pole-ether.fr>.

This datasheet last evaluated: September 2017; last change in preferred values: September 2017



(Product distributions taken from Buxton et al., 1988, originally determined by Asmus et al., 1973 via PR - UV/Vis)

$\Delta G_R^\circ$  (aq): Aqueous phase thermochemical data not available

For comparison:  $\Delta H_R^\circ$  (g) = -95.2 kJ mol<sup>-1</sup> (gas phase, data sheet HOx\_VOC23)

#### Rate coefficient data

| $k / \text{l mol}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$         | $T/\text{K}$ | $pH$ | $I/\text{mol l}^{-1}$ | Reference                        | Technique/<br>Comments |
|---|--------------|------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| <i>Relative Rate Coefficients</i>             |              |      |                       |                                  |                        |
| $4.7 \times 10^8$                             |              | 7    | $1.0 \times 10^{-4}$  | Thomas, 1964                     | PR-UV/Vis<br>RR (a)    |
| $4.6 \times 10^8$                             |              | 10.7 |                       | Adams et al.,<br>1965            | PR-UV/Vis<br>RR (b1)   |
| $4.7 \times 10^8$                             |              | 7    |                       | Adams et al.,<br>1965            | PR-UV/Vis<br>RR (b2)   |
| $5.0 \times 10^8$                             |              | 7    | $6.9 \times 10^{-4}$  | Adams et al.,<br>1965            | PR-UV/Vis<br>RR (b3)   |
| $4.8 \times 10^8$                             |              | 7    |                       | Adams et al.,<br>1965            | PR-UV/Vis<br>RR (c1)   |
| $4.4 \times 10^8$                             |              | 2    |                       | Adams et al.,<br>1965            | PR-UV/Vis<br>RR (c2)   |
| $(8.4 \pm 1) \times 10^8$                     |              |      |                       | Neta and<br>Dorfman, 1968        | PR-UV/Vis<br>RR (d)    |
| $9.5 \times 10^8$                             | 294          |      |                       | Baxendale und<br>Khan, 1969      | PR-UV/Vis<br>RR (e)    |
| $8.6 \times 10^8$                             |              | 2    |                       | Willson et al.,<br>1971          | PR-UV/Vis<br>RR (f)    |
| $(0.99 \pm 0.05) \times 10^9$                 |              | 6.5  | $3 \times 10^{-4}$    | Wolfenden and<br>Willson, 1982   | PR-UV/Vis<br>(g)       |
| $9.7 \times 10^8$                             | 298          |      |                       | Buxton et al.,<br>1988           | Recalculated<br>value- |
| $10.1 \times 10^8$                            | 293          | 7    |                       | Elliot and<br>McCracken,<br>1989 | PR-UV/Vis<br>(h1)      |
| $1.05 \times 10^{10} \exp[-(685 \pm 70) / T]$ | 293 - 353    |      |                       |                                  | (h2)                   |

|                                   |     |         |  |                           |               |
|-----------------------------------|-----|---------|--|---------------------------|---------------|
| $8.3 \times 10^8$                 |     | 7.5     |  | Motohashi and Saito, 1993 | PR-HPLC (i)   |
| $(1.3 \pm 0.4) \times 10^9$       | 295 |         |  | George et al., 2003       | LCW (j)       |
| <i>Absolute Rate Coefficients</i> |     |         |  |                           |               |
| $9.0 \times 10^8$                 |     | natural |  | Alam et al., 2003         | PR-UV/Vis (k) |

### Comments

- (a) Radical generation by gamma pulse-radiolysis, relative rate (RR) analysis by UV/Vis spectroscopy; reference reaction  $\cdot\text{OH} + \text{I}^-$ ;  $k(\cdot\text{OH} + \text{I}^-) = (1.02 \pm 0.13) \times 10^{10} \text{ M}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$ ,  $c(\text{I}^-) = 5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol/l}$ .
- (b) Radical generation by gamma pulse-radiolysis, relative rate (RR) analysis by UV/Vis spectroscopy; (b1) reference reaction  $\cdot\text{OH} + \text{CO}_3^{2-}$ ;  $k(\cdot\text{OH} + \text{CO}_3^{2-}) = 2.0 \times 10^8 \text{ M}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$  (taken from previous studies); (b2)  $\cdot\text{OH} + \text{SCN}^-$ ;  $k(\cdot\text{OH} + \text{SCN}^-) = 6.6 \times 10^9 \text{ M}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$  (b3)  $\cdot\text{OH} + \text{selenite} (\text{SeO}_3^{2-})$ ;  $k(\cdot\text{OH} + \text{selenite}) = 2.7 \times 10^9 \text{ M}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$ .
- (c) Radical generation by gamma pulse-radiolysis, relative rate (RR) analysis by UV/Vis-spectroscopy; not clearly specified whether carbonate, thiocyanate or selenite was used as the reference system for (c1) and (c2);  $k(\cdot\text{OH} + \text{SCN}^-) = 6.6 \times 10^9 \text{ M}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$  (taken from previous studies from Adams et al.).
- (d) Radical generation by gamma pulse-radiolysis, relative rate (RR) analysis by UV/Vis-spectroscopy; reference reactions:  $\cdot\text{OH} + \text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{CO}_2^-$ ;  $k(\cdot\text{OH} + \text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{CO}_2^-) = (6.0 \pm 0.7) \times 10^9 \text{ M}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$ ;  $\cdot\text{OH} + \text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{CH}_2\text{CO}_2^-$ ;  $k(\cdot\text{OH} + \text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{CH}_2\text{CO}_2^-) = (7.9 \pm 1.1) \times 10^9 \text{ M}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$ ;  $\cdot\text{OH} + p\text{-NO}_2 \text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{CO}_2^-$ ;  $k(\cdot\text{OH} + p\text{-NO}_2 \text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{CO}_2^-) = (2.6 \pm 0.4) \times 10^9 \text{ M}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$ ; the tabulated value is the average of the three determinations with the different scavengers listed above. The absolute error of the mean rate constant is provided by the authors.
- (e) Radical generation by gamma pulse radiolysis, relative rate (RR) analysis by UV/Vis-spectroscopy; reference reaction  $\cdot\text{OH} + 4\text{-Me}_2\text{NC}_6\text{H}_4\text{NO}$ ;  $k(\cdot\text{OH} + 4\text{-Me}_2\text{NC}_6\text{H}_4\text{NO}) = 1.25 \times 10^{10} \text{ M}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$ .
- (f) Radical generation by gamma pulse-radiolysis, relative rate (RR) analysis by UV/Vis-spectroscopy; reference reaction  $\cdot\text{OH} + \text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6^{4-}$ ;  $k(\cdot\text{OH} + \text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6^{4-}) = (0.93 \pm 0.05) \times 10^{10} \text{ M}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$ ;  $c([\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{4-}) = 2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol/l}$ . NIST lists the rate constant as  $9.7 \times 10^8 \text{ M}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$  referring to  $k(\text{OH} + \text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6^{4-}) = 1.0 \times 10^{10} \text{ M}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$ .  
<http://kinetics.nist.gov/solution/Detail?id=1971WIL/GRE211-220:16>
- (g) Radical generation by gamma pulse-radiolysis, relative rate (RR) analysis by UV/Vis-spectroscopy; reference reaction  $\cdot\text{OH} + \text{ABTS}^{2-}$  (ABTS = 2,2'-azino-bis(3-ethylbenzothiazoline-6-sulphonic acid));  $k(\cdot\text{OH} + \text{ABTS}^{2-}) = 1.2 \times 10^{10} \text{ M}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$ ;  $c(\text{ABTS}) = 1 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol/l}$ . NIST lists the rate constant as  $1.09 \times 10^9 \text{ M}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$  referring to  $k(\text{ABTS}^{2-} + \text{OH}) = 1.2 \times 10^{10} \text{ M}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$ .  
<http://kinetics.nist.gov/solution/Detail?id=1982WOL/WIL805-812:12>

- (h) Radical generation by gamma pulse-radiolysis, relative rate (RR) analysis by UV/Vis-spectroscopy; (h1) reference reaction  $\cdot\text{OH} + \text{SCN}^-$ ; no value given for the reference rate constant; (h2) Arrhenius expression has been calculated using the given T-dependent data.
- (i) Radical generation by gamma pulse-radiolysis, analysis by HPLC, reference reaction:  $\text{OH} + \text{benzoate}$ ;  $k(\cdot\text{OH} + \text{benzoate}) = 5.9 \times 10^9 \text{ M}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$ .
- (j) Radicals generated by photolysis of  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  in a liquid core waveguide (LCW) at  $\leq 366 \text{ nm}$ ; reference reaction:  $\cdot\text{OH} + \text{SCN}^-$  with  $k(\cdot\text{OH} + \text{SCN}^-) = 1.29 \times 10^{10} \text{ M}^{-1}\text{s}^{-1}$  referring to Chin and Wine (1992);  $c(\text{H}_2\text{O}_2) = 10^{-3} \text{ M}$ ,  $c(\text{SCN}^-) = 2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M}$ ,  $c(\text{methanol}) = 10^{-3} \text{ M}$ .
- (k) Radicals generated by pulse-radiolysis, products analysed by UV-vis-spectroscopy; direct observation of optical absorption of the alcohol radicals (260-290 nm); computer simulations were used to derive the rate constants; the simulations were accurate to 5%;  $\text{N}_2\text{O}$  saturated solutions.

### Preferred Values

| Parameter                             | Value                               | T/K     |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|
| $k / \text{l mol}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$ | $1.1 \times 10^9$                   | 298     |
| $k / \text{l mol}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$ | $8.68 \times 10^9 \exp[-(620) / T]$ | 293-353 |
| <i>Reliability</i>                    |                                     |         |
| $\Delta \log k$                       | $\pm 0.1$                           | 298     |
| $\Delta E_A/R$                        | $\pm 100$                           | 293-353 |

### Comments on Preferred Values

Buxton et al. recommended  $9.7 \times 10^8 \text{ l mol}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$  in 1988 based on the standardization study of Willson et al.. The carefully performed and only available T-dependent study by Elliot and McCracken leads to  $k = 1.03 \times 10^9 \text{ l mol}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$  for  $T = 298 \text{ K}$  by applying the provided Arrhenius expression as no direct measurement has been performed by these authors at  $T = 298 \text{ K}$ . The most recent determination of this rate constant by George et al. (2003) is in agreement with the others within error limits and is included in the calculation of the recommended value of  $1.1 \times 10^9 \text{ l mol}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$ .

The reliability of the preferred value is estimated.

### References

- Adams, G.E., Boag, J.W., Currant, J. and Michael, B.D., Pulse Radiolysis, Ebert, M., Keene, J.P., Swallow, A.J. and Baxendale, J.H. (eds.): Academic Press, New York, 131-143, 1965.
- Adams, G. E., J. W. Boag, and B. D. Michael.: Trans. Faraday Soc., 61, 1417-1424, 1965.
- Alam, M. S., Rao, B. S. M. and Janata, E.: Radiat. Phys. Chem., 67(6), 723-728, 2003.
- Asmus, K. D., Möckel, H. and Henglein, A.: J. Phys. Chem., 77(10), 1218-1221, 1973.

Baxendale, J.H. and Khan, A.A.: *Int. J. Radiat. Phys. Chem.*, 1, 11-24, 1969.

Buxton, G. V., Greenstock, C. L., Helman, W. P. and Ross, A. B.: *J. Phys. Chem. Ref. Data*, 12(2), 513 – 886, 1988.

Chin, M., and Wine, P. H: *J. Photochem. Photobiol.*, A, 69(1), 17-25, 1992.

Elliot, A. J., and McCracken, D. R.: *Radiat. Phys. Chem.*, 33(1), 69-74, 1989.

George, C., Rouse, D., Perraudin, E. and Streckowski, R.: *Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys.*, 5(8), 1562-1569, 2003.

Motohashi, N. and Saito, Y.: *Chem. Pharm. Bull.*, 41(10), 1842-1845, 1993.

Neta, P. and Dorfman, L.M.: *Adv. Chem. Ser.*, 81, 222 – 230, 1968.

Thomas, J. K.: *Trans. Faraday Soc.*, 61, 702-707, 1965.

Willson, R. L., Greenstock, C. L., Adams, G. E., Wageman, R., and Dorfman, L. M.: *Int. J. Radiat. Phys. Chem.*, 3(3), 211-220, 1971.

Wolfenden, B. S. and Willson, R. L.: *J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans.*, 2(7), 805-812, 1982.

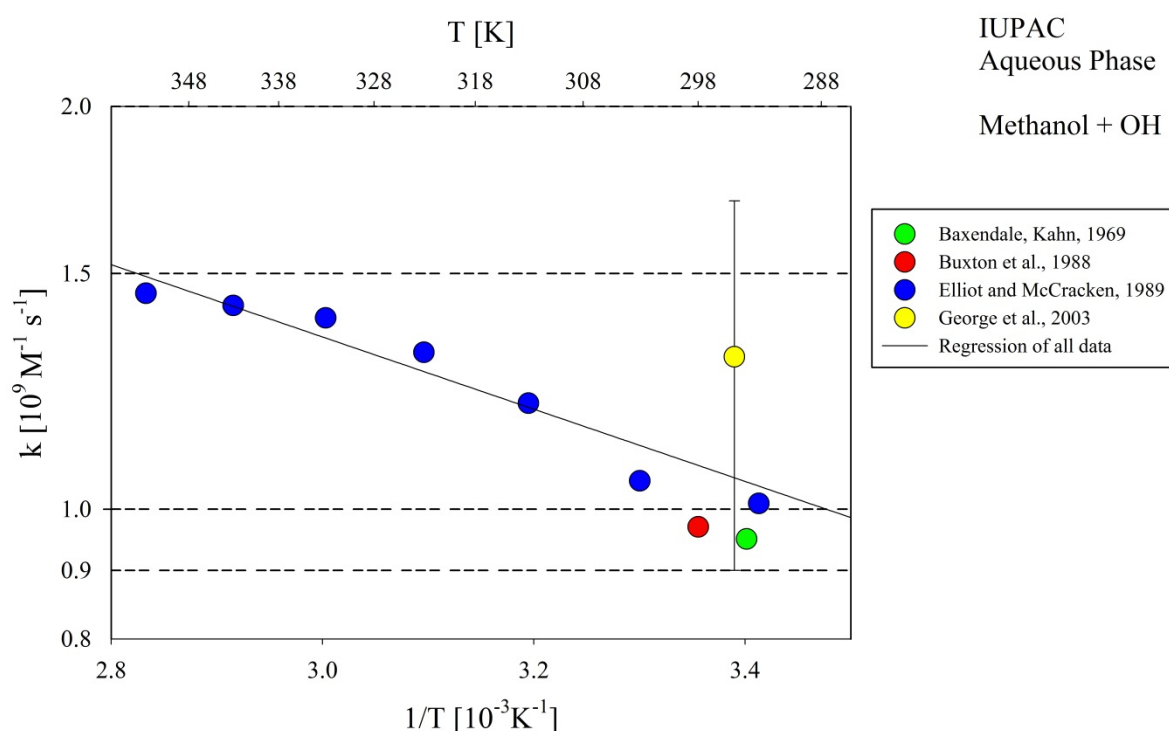


Figure 1: T-dependent rate constants for the reaction of Methanol with OH in aqueous solution. Data from Baxendale and Kahn (1969), Buxton et al. (1988), Elliot et al. (1989) and George et al. (2003).